

LOCTITE[®] 5203™

February 2008

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] 5203™ provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Acrylic			
Chemical Type	Dimethacrylate ester			
Appearance (uncured)	Red viscous liquid ^{LMS}			
Fluorescence	Positive under UV light ^{LMS}			
Components	One component - requires no mixing			
Viscosity	Thixotropic			
Cure	Anaerobic			
Application	Sealing			
Strength	Low			

LOCTITE[®] 5203™ seals close fitting joints between rigid metal faces and flanges. Provides resistance to low pressures immediately after assembly of flanges. The product cures rapidly when confined in the absence of air between close fitting metal surfaces. Fully cured product can easily be removed from flange faces, particularly on aluminum. Typically used as a form-in-place gasket on rigid flanged connections, e.g. gearbox and engine casings, etc. The thixotropic nature of LOCTITE[®] 5203™ reduces the migration of liquid product after application to the substrate.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.0

Flash Point - See MSDS

Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):

Spindle 7, speed 2.5 rpm 200,000 to 450,000 Spindle 7, speed 20 rpm 50,000 to 100,000^{LMS}

Instant Sealing Capability

Anaerobic sealants have the ability to resist low on-line test pressures while uncured. This test was performed with uncured product immediately after assembly of a glass plate and an annular zinc dichromate flange before cure occurred. The pressure was maintained for 1 minute.

Pressure Resistance, MPa:

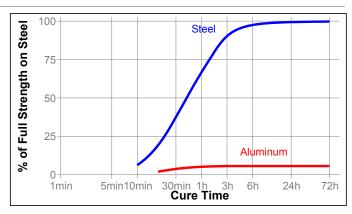
 Induced Gap 0.05 mm
 0.03

 Induced Gap 0.125 mm
 0.02

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

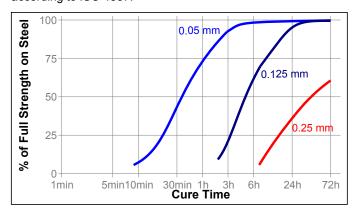
Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time on grit blasted steel lap shears compared to different materials and tested according to ISO 4587.



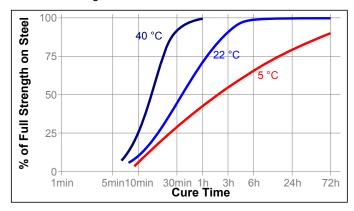
Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. The following graph shows shear strength developed with time on grit blasted steel lap shears at different controlled gaps and tested according to ISO 4587.



Cure Speed vs. Temperature

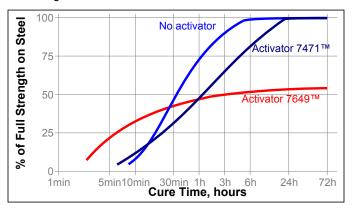
The rate of cure will depend on the ambient temperature. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time at different temperatures on grit blasted steel lap shears and tested according to ISO 4587.





Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long, or large gaps are present, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time on grit blasted steel lap shears using and tested according to ISO 4587.



TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Physical Properties:

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion,	2.3×10⁴
ISO 11359-2, K ⁻¹	
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)	0.47
Specific Heat, kJ/(kg·K)	0.3

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

After 24 hours @ 22 °C
Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:
Steel (grit blasted)

N/mm²
(psi)

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:

Steel (grit blasted)

N/mm² 2.0 to 6.0
(psi) (290 to 870)

Sealing Capability

An annular shaped gasket with an inner diameter of 50 mm and an external diameter of 70 mm was tested up to 1.3 MPa for leakage (pressurised with oil for 1 minute).

Sealed to Maximum Induced Gap, mm:

Steel	0.25
Aluminum 2011T3	0.125

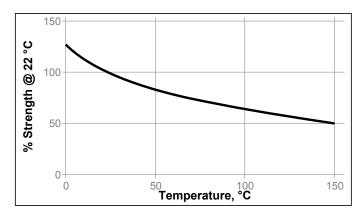
TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

The following tests refer to the effect of environment on strength. This is not a measure of sealing performance.

Cured for 1 week @ 22 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Steel (grit blasted)

Hot Strength

Tested at temperature

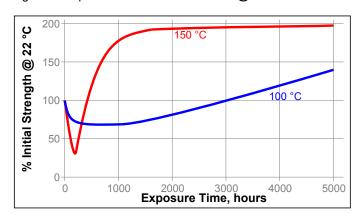


Heat Aging

1.0 to 5.0^{LMS}

(145 to 725)

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C

		% of initial strength			
Environment	°C	100 h	500 h	1000 h	5000 h
Air	22	100	100	100	100
Motor oil (MIL-L-46252)	125	40	60	80	100
Unleaded gasoline	22	100	80	75	100
Auto trans. fluid	130	60	60	70	100

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Where aqueous washing systems are used to clean the surfaces before bonding, it is important to check for compatibility of the washing solution with the adhesive. In some cases these aqueous washes can affect the cure and performance of the adhesive.

This product is not normally recommended for use on plastics (particularly thermoplastic materials where stress cracking of the plastic could result). Users are recommended to confirm compatibility of the product with such substrates.

Directions for use

- For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
- 2. The product is designed for close fitting flanged parts with gaps up to 0.125 mm.
- 3. Apply manually as a continuous bead or by screen printing to one surface of the flanges.
- Low pressures (<0.03 MPa) may be used when testing to confirm a complete seal immediately after assembly and before curing.
- 5. Flanges should be tightened as soon as possible after assembly to avoid shimming.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated May 20, 2002. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. Storage below 8 °C or greater than 28 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$ $kV/mm \times 25.4 = V/mil$ mm / 25.4 = inches $\mu m / 25.4 = mil$ $N \times 0.225 = lb$ $N/mm \times 5.71 = lb/in$ $N/mm^2 \times 145 = psi$ $MPa \times 145 = psi$ $N \cdot m \times 8.851 = lb \cdot in$ $N \cdot m \times 0.738 = lb \cdot ft$ $N \cdot mm \times 0.742 = oz \cdot in$ $mPa \cdot s = cP$

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Henkel Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.

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Reference 1.1