

## Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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SDS No.: 153557 V007.2

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Replaces version from: 18.07.2024

Loctite 7649

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Loctite 7649

UFI: 2HWE-M0NW-G00U-A4SC

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

activator

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd

Adhesives

Wood Lane End

HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website www.mysds.henkel.com or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 0 8701 906777 - For further general health & safety, technical and practical advice on this product, please call +44 (0) 1606 593933 or write to: Technical Services; Henkel Limited; Road 5; Winsford Industrial Estate; Winsford; Cheshire; CW7 3QY- Email: technical.services@henkel.co.uk

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Flammable liquids Category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Toxic to reproduction Category 1B

H360D May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organ: Central nervous system

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment Category 3

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Label elements (CLP):

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Hazard pictogram:



**Contains** acetone

2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1)

2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt

2-ethylhexanoic acid

Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statement:** H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360D May damage the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Supplemental information** EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Restricted to professional users.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment. P261 Avoid breathing mist/spray.

 ${\bf Precautionary\ statement:}$ 

Response

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Following substances are present in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration  $\geq$  the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

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### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Add. Information
acetone 67-64-1 200-662-2 01-2119471330-49	50- 100 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336		EU OEL EUEXPL2D
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8 261-460-8	0,1-< 1 %	Repr. 1B, H360D		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9 244-846-0	0,1-< 1 %	Repr. 1B, H360D Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	M acute = 10 M chronic = 1	
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5 205-743-6 01-2119488942-23	0,1-< 1 %	Repr. 1B, H360D		

If no ATE values are displayed, please refer to LD/LC50 values in Section 11. For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap.

Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion:

Rinse out mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting.

Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

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#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) can be released.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

## Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wear protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal.

For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours should be extracted to avoid inhalation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking.

Avoid skin and eye contact.

See advice in section 8

#### Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Refer to Technical Data Sheet.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

activator

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	EH40 WEL

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5 [ETHYL HEXANOIC ACID]		5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

## **Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):**

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value	Value			Remarks
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
acetone 67-64-1	aqua (intermittent releases)		21 mg/l				
acetone 67-64-1	sewage treatment plant (STP)		100 mg/l				
acetone 67-64-1	sediment (freshwater)				30,4 mg/kg		
acetone 67-64-1	sediment (marine water)				3,04 mg/kg		
acetone 67-64-1	Soil				29,5 mg/kg		
acetone 67-64-1	aqua (freshwater)		10,6 mg/l				
acetone 67-64-1	aqua (marine water)		1,06 mg/l				
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	sewage treatment plant (STP)		72 mg/l				

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### **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		14 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,5 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	

## **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

#### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

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Eye protection:

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Skin protection:

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Delivery form liquid Colour green

Odor Solvent, Acetone

Physical state liquid

Melting point Not applicable, Product is a liquid

Solidification temperature < 0 °C (< 32 °F) Initial boiling point 56 °C (132.8 °F)None Flammability Flammable liquid

Explosive limits

2,6 %(V); lower 13 %(V); upper

Upper/lower explosion limit -19 °C (-2.2 °F) Estimated Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature 485 °C (905 °F)

Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no organic Decomposition temperature

peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen conditions of use

(20 °C (68 °F); Conc.: 100 % product)

Viscosity (kinematic) > 20.5 mm2/s

(40 °C (104 °F); )

Solubility (qualitative) Miscible

(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable Mixture

Vapour pressure

230 mbar

(20 °C (68 °F))

Vapour pressure 800 mbar

(50 °C (122 °F))

0,7936 g/cm3 None Density

(20 °C (68 °F)) 2,0

Relative vapour density:

(20 °C)

Particle characteristics Not applicable Product is a liquid

### 9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with strong oxidants.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

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#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Irritating organic vapours.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LD50	481 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LD50	2.043 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

### Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

#### Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

CAS-No.	type			Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone LC 67-64-1	C50	76 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Solvent may remove essential oils from the skin making it susceptible to attack from other chemicals.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

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## Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	corrosive	4 h	Bovine, cornea, in vitro test	OECD Guideline 437 (BCOP)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

## Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	not specified

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		Ames Test
acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified

## Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

## Reproductive toxicity:

No data available.

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## STOT-single exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Assessment	Route of exposure	Target Organs	Remarks
acetone	May cause drowsiness or			
67-64-1	dizziness.			

## STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
acetone	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral:	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
67-64-1		drinking	daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
		water	_		Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

## Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	LC50	> 10 - 100 mg/l	96 h	not specified	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LC50	0,06368 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	NOEC	0,06316 mg/l	30 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	other guideline:
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LC50	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

### **Toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202
67-64-1					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	EC50	> 10 - 100 mg/l	48 h	not specified	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	913 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

### Chronic toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
67-64-1					magna, Reproduction Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid	NOEC	18 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
149-57-5		_			magna, Reproduction Test)

### Toxicity (Algae):

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The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	EC50	> 10 - 100 mg/l	72 h	not specified	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	500 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC10	231,2 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

### **Toxicity (microorganisms):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1				_	(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid	EC10	72 mg/l	17 h		DIN 38412, part 8
149-57-5					(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	readily biodegradable		> 60 %	28 d	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	> 70 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	readily biodegradable	aerobic	99 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready biodegradability: Modified OECD Screening Test)

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

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### 12.4. Mobility in soil

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
acetone 67-64-1	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	4,15		QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	4,37		QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	2,7	25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
2-ethylhexanoic acid	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
149-57-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Waste code

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR	1090
RID	1090
ADN	1090
IMDG	1090
IATA	1090

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	ACETONE (solution)
RID	ACETONE (solution)
ADN	ACETONE (solution)
IMDG	ACETONE (solution)
IATA	Acetone (solution)

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	3
RID	3
ADN	3
IMDG	3
IATA	3

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR	II
RID	II
ADN	II
IMDG	II
ΙΔΤΔ	II

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

able
le: (D/E)
able
able
able
able

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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VOC content (2010/75/EC)

98 %

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation\_en.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ED: Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

EU OEL: Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit
EU EXPLD 1: Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD 2 Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
SVHC: Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
PBT: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria

PBT/vPvB: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very

bioaccumulative criteria

vPvB: Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

### **Further information:**

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This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

## Dear Customer,

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Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.